Instructions - Ffridd Board Game

Players: 2 - 4 players

You will need: Counters, dice, glossary, printed A3 game board and printed cards.

How to play:

- Choose your farm card.
- Place the piles of management and species cards onto the card holder spaces on the game board.
- Set your counters at the start and roll the dice to move around the board.
- If you land on a space with a *binocular* illustration, pick up a *species* card from the pile. Keep this card safe on your farm card. The number at the top of the species card relates to its rarity score, the rarer the species the more points you collect.
- If you land on a *boots* illustration pick up a *management* card from the pile and read the information. Follow the instructions and replace the card at the bottom of the pile.
- After you have followed the instructions on a management card do not pick up another card, that is the end of your go.
- If you roll a 6 you can have another turn.
- When a player passes the finish (you do not need to roll the exact number to land on the finish) count up the *rarity scores* on the species cards for each player to see who has won.

Glossary - Ffridd Board Game







Ffridd habitat - A habitat with a mixture of grass, heathland, bracken, scrub and bushes (often hawthorn and gorse). Sometimes there are rocky and wet areas such as streams, bogs and ponds. Ffridd is often described as a mosaic habitat and is found in between lowland valleys and upland mountain areas.

Wood pasture - Grassland for grazing animals with larger trees in it.

Sapling - A young tree.

Invertebrate - An animal lacking a backbone e.g. spider/insect.

Grazing - When cattle and sheep eat growing plants.

Scrub - Small shrubs and trees.

Heathland - Rough area where heather, gorse and coarse grasses grow.

Archaeologist – A person who studies human history and pre-history.

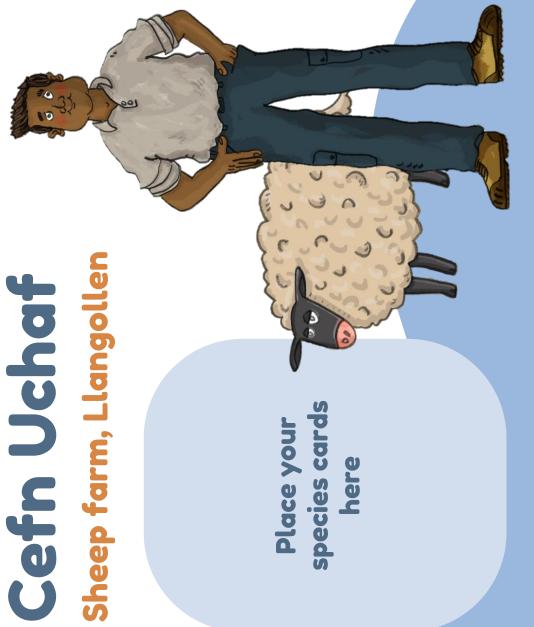
Non-native species – Species which have been introduced into areas outside of where they would naturally be and posing a threat to native wildlife.

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Sheep farm,







species cards Place your here







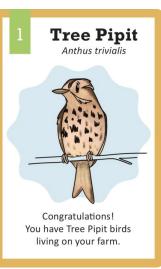






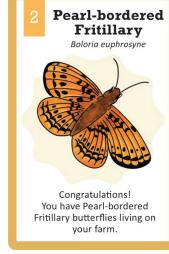


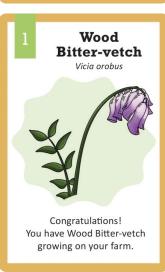




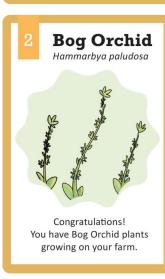




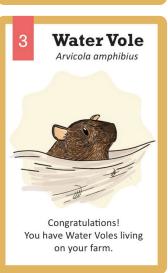








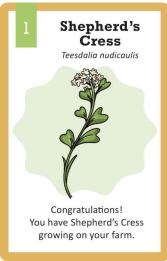


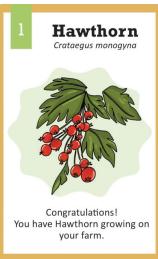


















Great Job!

You employed a shepherd to move the sheep around the farm and graze effectively.

Move forward 1 space!

Great Job!

Your cattle have made gaps and trampled the thick areas of bracken.

Move forward 2 spaces!

Great Job!

Your family have farmed with grazing animals on this site for centuries. Archaeologists can easily see the ancient hill fort on your land.

Move forward 1 space!

Oh no!

Your sheep have *over grazed* the grass making it too short.

Move back 2 spaces

Great Job!

Your grazing cattle have left space for flowers to grow and seeds to germinate in patches of bare soil.

Move forward 1 space!

Great Job!

Your grazing cattle have broken up the ground with their hooves and created good areas for ground nesting birds.

Move forward 2 spaces!

Great Job!

The *grazing* ponies have nibbled back the *gorse* in the winter.

Move forward 1 space!

Great Job!

Your wood pasture was grazed in the autumn and the trees are growing well

Move forward 2 spaces!

Great Job!

You have some patches of scrub and old trees which are great for birds.

Your sheep are agile and can graze

Great Job!

the steeper slopes.

Move forward 1 space!

Move forward 1 space!

Great Job!

You have chosen to breed hardy Hebridean sheep. They eat and control the scrub areas naturally.

You have left some dead wood for

Great Job!

invertebrates to live in.

Move forward 2 spaces!

Move forward 2 spaces!

Great Job!

By grazing with a mix of animals you have created different heights and tufts in the grassland. This is perfect for invertebrates.

don't churn up the soil too much.

Move forward 1 space!

Your sheep are light weight and

Great Job!

Move forward 2 spaces!

Great Job!

Your *grazing* cattle have left long tufts of grass for small mammals to shelter beneath.

Move forward 1 space!

Your *bracken* is growing in thin patches, grass and *flowering violets* are able to grow.

Great Job!

Move forward 2 spaces!

Oh no!

You have planted too many trees and have lost the important *ffridd* mosaic.

Move back 1 space

Oh no!

You have damaged an old building on your farm which is designated as a *Scheduled Ancient Monument*.

Miss a go

Oh no!

You have damaged an area on your farm which is designated as a Special Area of Conservation.

Miss a go

Oh no!

You have damaged an area on your farm which is designated as a Site of Special Scientific Interest.

Miss a go

Oh no!

Off road vehicles have disturbed the ground nesting birds.

Move back 1 space

Oh no!

Sheep have broken the fence and eaten your new saplings.

Move back 2 spaces

Oh no!

Walkers let their dogs off the lead and have disturbed the ground nesting birds.

Move back 1 space

Oh no!

Walkers have let their dogs off the lead and they chase your grazing sheep.

Move back 2 spaces

Oh no!

Your wood pasture was grazed too early in the spring and the new saplings were eaten.

You have only grazed sheep this year and your grassland is too short and

Oh no!

not varied in height.

Move back 1 space

Move back 1 space

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Your heavy cattle have trampled too much in one area making it extra muddy and poached.

Your farm was grazed too much in spring and the early flowers have

Move back 2 spaces

Move back 2 spaces

been eaten.

Oh no!

All the *heather* on your farm was grazed from the *heathland* during winter.

Move back 1 space

Oh no!

Not enough *grazing* means you have too much *bracken, gorse* and *scrub!* You are losing the *heathland* and *unimproved grassland.*

Move back 2 spaces

Oh no!

The non-native invasive species Rhododendron is taking over and stopping other plants from growing.

Move back 1 space

Oh no!

The *bracken* is growing too thick and out competing other plants.

Move back 2 spaces

